David P. ROBINSON, et al. Serial No. 10/568.496

March 3, 2010

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The following listing of claims supersedes all prior versions and listings of claims

in this application:

(Cancelled)

2. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 22, further

comprising means for receiving payload data transmitted by other similar devices.

3. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 22, further

comprising a data source.

4. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 22, wherein the

evaluating means is arranged to identify a suitable receiving device if the scalar status

value meets one or more threshold criteria.

5. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 4, wherein a

threshold criterion is that the remaining battery power is at least sufficient to transmit all

the data currently in the buffer.

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6. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 4, having means

for selecting a threshold criterion as a function of elapsed time from a predetermined

start point.

7. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 22, further

comprising condition-monitoring means for monitoring expected lifetime of the device,

and adjusting the scalar status value accordingly.

8. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 22, wherein the

separation distance between devices is determined from the power required to make a

transmission between them.

9. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 22, comprising

means for determining the power that would be required to transmit payload data to an

identified receiving device, and means for generating a scalar status value related to

that power requirement.

10. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 9, wherein the

identified receiving device on which the power determination is based is the device

selected for transmission on a previous determination.

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11. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 9, wherein the

scalar status value h is determined by the value (N + k) C/B

where N = number of packets of data currently in the buffer,

B = battery level,

C = power requirement of forwarding to the identified receiving device, and

k is a constant.

12. (Cancelled)

13. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 20, wherein data is

only transmitted from a first device to a second device located in its forwarding direction

if the scalar status value derived from the status data meets one or more predetermined

threshold criteria.

(Original) A method according to claim 13, wherein a threshold criterion is

that the remaining battery power is at least sufficient to transmit all the data currently in

the buffer.

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15. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 20, wherein the

sensor data includes a measure of the expected lifetime of the device.

16. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 20, wherein the

sensor data is transmitted, by means of one or more of the mobile data relay devices, to

a target sink device defined by a predetermined scalar status value.

17. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 20, wherein the

power that would be required to transmit sensor data to the identified other device is

determined, and a scalar status value is generated related to that power requirement.

18. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 17, wherein the

identified other device on which the power determination is based is the device selected

for transmission on a previous determination.

19. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 17, wherein the

scalar status value h is determined by the value (N + k) C/B

where N = number of packets of data currently in the buffer.

B = battery level,

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C = power requirement of forwarding to the identified receiving device, and

k is a constant

(Currently Amended) A method of collecting data from distributed mobile

data sensors respectively associated with mobile data relay devices communicating

with each other in an ad hoc mobile network when they happen to be within

communication range of each other, said method comprising:

collecting sensor data in buffer stores of each said mobile data relay device:

generating a scalar status value in each said mobile data relay device based on

current local status parameters including at least the amount of collected sensor data

currently accumulated in its buffer store and its separation distance from other of said $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

mobile data relay devices;

communicating respective said scalar status values between said mobile data

relay devices that happen to be within communication range of each other;

at each said mobile data relay device, evaluating received scalar status values

from other devices with respect to its own scalar status value; and

if said evaluation satisfies a predetermined condition for an identified one of the

other devices, then transmitting at [flesti] least part of its accumulated sensor data from

its buffer store to said identified other device where the received sensor data is stored in

its buffer store for later similar transfer to yet another device.

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21. (Previously Presented) A method as in claim 20, wherein:

at least one higher powered data sink station also communicates with said mobile data relay devices when they happen to be within communication range; and

said data sink station communicates a scalar status value which, when received

by a data relay device, will be evaluated so as to cause the data sink station to be

identified as the recipient of accumulated sensor data from the buffer store of that data

relay device.

22. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for collecting data from distributed

mobile data sensors respectively associated with mobile data relay devices

communicating with each other in an ad hoc mobile network whenever they happen to

be within communication range of each other, said $\frac{\mbox{method}}{\mbox{method}}$ $\frac{\mbox{apparatus}}{\mbox{comprising}}$

data collection means for collecting sensor data in buffer stores of each said

mobile data relay device;

status data generation means for generating a scalar status value in each said

mobile data relay device based on current local status parameters including at least the

amount of collected sensor data currently accumulated in its buffer store and its

separation distance from other of said mobile data relay devices:

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transmitter and receiver means for communicating respective said scalar status values between said mobile data relay devices that happen to be within communication range of each other:

means for evaluating, at each said mobile data relay device, received scalar status values from other devices with respect to its own scalar status value; and

if said evaluation satisfies a predetermined condition for an identified one of the other devices, then transmitting at [[lest]] least part of its accumulated sensor data from its buffer store to said identified other device where the received sensor data is stored in its buffer store for later similar transfer to yet another device.

23. (Previously Presented) An apparatus as in claim 22, wherein:

at least one higher powered data sink station also communicates with said mobile data relay devices when the happen to be within communication range; and

said data sink station communicates a scalar status value which, when received by a data relay device, will be evaluated so as to cause the data sink station to be identified as the recipient of accumulated sensor data from the buffer store of that data relay device.